## Notes.

(a) You may freely use any result proved in class unless you have been asked to prove the same. Use your judgement. All other steps must be justified.

(b) We use  $\mathbb{N}$  = natural numbers,  $\mathbb{Z}$  = integers,  $\mathbb{Q}$  = rational numbers,  $\mathbb{R}$  = real numbers.

1. [15 points] If a ring R has a nonzero proper ideal, prove that it has a proper ideal which is not a prime ideal.

2. [20 points] Let a, b be nonzero coprime integers. Prove that  $\mathbb{Z}[i]/(a+bi)$  is isomorphic to the ring  $\mathbb{Z}/(a^2+b^2)\mathbb{Z}$ .

3. [20 points] Let  $\mathfrak{m}_1$  and  $\mathfrak{m}_2$  be distinct maximal ideals in a ring. Prove that for any positive integers  $s_1, s_2$ , we have  $\mathfrak{m}_1^{s_1} \cap \mathfrak{m}_2^{s_2} = \mathfrak{m}_1^{s_1} \mathfrak{m}_2^{s_2}$ .

4. [15 points] Let F be a field and R an F-algebra having vector space dimension 2 over F. Prove that either R is a field or R is isomorphic to  $F \times F$  or is isomorphic to  $F[x]/(x^2)$ .

5. [15 points] Let  $f: A \to B$  be a map of  $\mathbb{C}$ -algebras. Prove that for any maximal ideal  $\mathfrak{m}$  in B, the inverse image  $f^{-1}\mathfrak{m}$  is a maximal ideal in A. (Hint: Is  $B/\mathfrak{m} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{C}$ ?)

6. [15 points] For every integer n > 0, find the number of distinct ways in which  $15^n$  can be written as a sum of two squares.